<u>Drug and Alcohol Prevention Program and the Drug-Free Workplace and Campus Program</u>

Revised: July 31, 2017

Standards of Conduct

The use of illegal drugs and the abuse of alcohol on the campus of Argosy University, Nashville or in facilities controlled by the Argosy University, Nashville are prohibited by college regulations and are incompatible with the Argosy University, Nashville goal of providing a healthy educational environment for students, faculty, staff and guests. The following information is provided in compliance with the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1989.

Effects of Drugs and Alcohol

Although individuals often use drugs and alcohol to achieve a variety of effects on mind and body that are found to be temporarily useful or pleasurable, drugs can be highly addictive and injurious. A person can pay a price in terms of his or her physical, emotional, and social health.

This price can be paid in a number of ways. The risk of contracting sexually transmitted diseases, including AIDS, is increased through unwanted or unprotected sex when one is under the influence of drugs or alcohol. Drugs can be the trigger for violent crime. Economic and legal problems usually follow directly when one tries to support a drug habit by resorting to crime. The dependence, illness, loss of job, and loss of family or friends that can result from drug or alcohol use and abuse can be tragic.

In keeping with the mission of Argosy University, Nashville and the requirements of state and federal law, Argosy University, Nashville has adopted this program to ensure a drug-free campus and workplace and to prevent the use of controlled substances and the abuse of alcohol.

Health Risks Associated with the Use of Alcohol Short Term Risks:

- Increased risks of accidents and injuries
- Alcohol-related traffic accidents (the leading cause of death for teens)
- Alcohol slows reaction time, decreases muscle coordination, and impairs vision
- Fatal overdose
- Unconsciousness or blackout
- Death by aspiration of vomit
- Nausea
- Gastritis

Long-Term Risks:

- Increased blood pressure
- Increased risk of heart attack
- Brain damage resulting in permanent psychosis
- Cancer of the mouth, esophagus or stomach
- Liver damage (cirrhosis, alcohol hepatitis, cancer)
- Ulcers and Gastritis
- Pancreatitis
- Birth defects
- In males-testicular atrophy and breast enlargement
- In females--increased risk of breast cancer
- Prolonged, excessive drinking can shorten life span by ten to twelve years.

Health Risks Associated with the Use of Drugs

Amphetamines (Speed, Uppers):

- Malnutrition
- Hallucinations
- Dependence, psychological and sometimes physical

Deliriums (Aerosols, Lighter Fluid, Paint Thinner):

- Permanent damage to lungs, brain, liver, bone marrow
- Loss of coordination, confusion, hallucinations
- Overdose causing convulsions, death

Depressants (Barbiturates, Tranquilizers, Methaqualone):

- Confusion, depression, loss of coordination
- Dependence, physical and psychological
- Coma, death (caused by overdose)
- Can be lethal when combined with alcohol

Hallucinogens (LSD, PCP, DMT, STP, Mescaline):

- Hallucinations, panic, irrational behaviors (which can lead to increased risk of accidents, injuries)
- Tolerance overdose leading to convulsions, coma, death
- Possible birth defects in children of LSD users

Intravenous Drug Use:

Places one at risk for HIV infection (the virus causing AIDS) when needles are shared

Marijuana and Hashish:

- Chronic bronchitis
- Decreased vital capacity
- Increased risk of lung cancer
- In men lower levels of testosterone and increase in abnormal sperm count

Stimulants (Cocaine):

- Painful nosebleeds and nasal erosion
- Intense "downs" that result in physical and/or emotional discomfort
- Tolerance and physical dependence can develop

Narcotics (Heroin, Morphine, Codeine, Opium):

- Malnutrition
- Hepatitis
- Loss of judgment and serf-control leading to increased risk of accidents, injuries
- Dependence
- Overdose leading to convulsions, coma, death

Sanctions Argosy University, Nashville

School Sanctions

Argosy University, Nashville, in all of its actions, seeks to uphold local, state and federal laws. Insofar as permitted by these laws, the Argosy University, Nashville will apply sanctions that could lead to a student being suspended or expelled or an employee being disciplined, suspended or dismissed for violation of the Argosy University, Nashville standards of conduct. Students and employees may also be referred for prosecution. Disciplinary sanctions may include the completion of an appropriate rehabilitation program, at the student's or employee's expense, if necessary.

State Sanctions

State of Tennessee Sanctions

As part of the Tennessee Drug Control Act of 1989, Tennessee state law considers it a criminal offense to knowingly manufacture, deliver, or sell a controlled substance. It is a criminal offense to possess a controlled substance with the intent to manufacture, deliver, or sell the controlled substance.

- Unlawful manufacture, delivery, or selling of a Schedule I Controlled Substance is a Class B felony which carries a fine of not more than \$100,000 and Not less than eight (8) nor more than thirty (30) years imprisonment.
- Unlawful manufacture, delivery, or selling of a Schedule II Controlled Substance is a Class C felony which carries a fine of not more than \$100,000 and Not less than three (3) years nor more than fifteen (15) years imprisonment.
- Unlawful manufacture, delivery, or selling of a Schedule III Controlled Substance is a Class D felony which carries a fine of not more than \$50,000 and Not less than two (2) years nor more than twelve (12) years imprisonment.
- Unlawful manufacture, delivery, or selling of a Schedule IV Controlled Substance is a Class D felony which carries a fine of not more than \$50,000 and Not less than two (2) years nor more than twelve (12) years imprisonment.
- Unlawful manufacture, delivery, or selling of a Schedule V Controlled Substance classified as marijuana is a Class E felony which carries a fine of not more than \$5,000 and Not less than one (1) year nor more than six (6) years imprisonment.
- Unlawful manufacture, delivery, or selling of a Schedule VI Controlled Substance is a Class E felony which carries a fine of not more than \$1,000 and Not less than one (1) year nor more than six (6) years imprisonment.
- Unlawful manufacture, delivery, or selling of a Schedule VII Controlled Substance is a Class E felony which carries a fine of not more than \$1,000 and Not less than one (1) year nor more than six (6) years imprisonment.

Mandatory sentences increase in proportion to quantity of the controlled substances

Underage Drinking

It is unlawful for any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years to have in such person's possession or to consume any intoxicating liquor or beer for any purpose, whether the same be possessed or consumed in a dry county or a wet county. It is unlawful for any person under twenty-one (21) years of age to transport any intoxicating liquor or beer for any purpose, whether the same be transported in a dry or wet county; provided, that this section shall not be construed as prohibiting any person eighteen (18) years of age or older from transporting, possessing, selling or dispensing intoxicating liquor or beer in the course of such person's employment. For purposes of this subdivision (a)(3), "beer" shall have the same meaning as provided in § 57-6-102.

A violation of subdivision (a)(3)(A) is a Class A misdemeanor.

Any person under twenty-one (21) years of age found to have violated the provisions of this subdivision (a)(3) shall, regardless of the final disposition of such violation, have the right to have the records, as defined in § 40-32-101, of such violation destroyed after the passage of six (6) months from the date of the violation. Such destruction shall occur upon motion of the person to the court which heard the violation and shall be without cost to such person. No violation of the provisions of this subdivision (a)(3) may at any time be used against the violator in any criminal proceeding.

Any person who purchases an alcoholic beverage for or at the request of a person under twenty-one (21) years of age commits a misdemeanor and, upon conviction for such person's first such offense, shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), plus all penalties imposed by § 39-15-404. Upon a person's second or subsequent conviction for such offense, such person shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), plus all penalties imposed by § 39-15-404.

- (A) It is unlawful for any person who is younger than twenty-one (21) years of age to purchase or attempt to purchase any alcoholic beverage.
- **(B)** A violation of this subdivision (a)(5) is a Class A misdemeanor.

(C) (i) In addition to any criminal penalty established by this section, a court in which a person younger than twenty-one (21) years of age but eighteen (18) years of age or older is convicted of the purchase or attempt to purchase or possession of alcoholic beverages in violation of this section shall prepare and send to the department of safety, driver control division, within five (5) working days of the conviction, an order of denial of driving privileges for the offender.

Underage driving while impaired -- Penalties.

- (a) (1) A person age sixteen (16) or over but under age twenty-one (21) may not drive or be in physical control of an automobile or other motor driven vehicle while:
- **(A)** The alcohol concentration in the person's blood is more than two hundredths of one percent (0.02%);
- (B) Under the influence of alcohol;
- **(C)** Under the influence of any intoxicant, marijuana, narcotic drug, or drug producing stimulating effects on the central nervous system; or
- **(D)** Under the combined influence of alcohol and any other drug set out in subdivision (a)(1)(C) to a degree that makes the person's driving ability impaired.
- (2) For purposes of this section, "drug producing stimulating effects on the central nervous system" has the same meaning and includes the same items set out in former § 55-10-401(b) [repealed].
- **(b)** The fact that any person who drives while under the influence of narcotic drugs or barbital drugs is or has been entitled to use the drugs under the laws of this state does not constitute a defense to the violation of this section.
- **(c)** This section establishes the offense of underage driving while impaired for any person age sixteen (16) or over but under age twenty-one (21). The offense of underage driving while impaired is a lesser included offense of driving while intoxicated.
- (d) (1) The offense of underage driving while impaired for a person age eighteen (18) or over but under age twenty-one (21) is a Class A misdemeanor punishable only by a driver license suspension of one (1) year and by a fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250). As additional punishment, the court may impose public service work.
- (2) The delinquent act of underage driving while impaired for a person age sixteen (16) or over but under the age of eighteen (18) is punishable only by a driver license suspension of one (1) year and by a fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250). As additional punishment, the court may impose public service work.
- **(e)** A person age sixteen (16) or over but under the age of eighteen (18) who commits the offense of underage driving while impaired commits a delinquent act.

Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs carries the following penalties:

First conviction (.08 (Blood Alcohol Concentration (BAC)) [55-10-401] [55-10-403):

- 48 hours up to 11 months, 29 days for offenders in violation of 55-10-401
- 20 BAC or greater minimum jail time 7 consecutive days
- License revocation for 1 year
- You will be ordered to participate in a DUI school
- Pay restitution to any person suffering physical injury or personal loss
- \$350-\$1,500 fine
- With towing, bail, attorney, high risk insurance, court costs, school, and reinstatement fees, your first offense average costs could add up to \$4,900

- Judge can order you to install a vehicle Ignition Interlock Device at your expense.
- Minimum 1st year cost \$810 [55-10-412d]
- If two (2) convictions of DUI in 5 years, Ignition Interlock Device required for 6 months after reinstatement at your expense
- Drug and Alcohol Treatment may be required at the judge's discretion

Second conviction (.08 (BAC) [55-10-401] [55-10-403):

- 45 days to 11 months, 29 days in jail
- \$600-\$3,500 mandatory fine
- License revocation for 2 years/Restricted License available after first year
- Subject to .08 BAC
- Subject to vehicle seizure/forfeiture
- You will be ordered to attend a DUI school
- The judge can order you to install a vehicle Ignition Interlock Device at your expense
- If two (2) convictions of DUI in 5 years, Ignition Interlock Device required for 6 months after reinstatement at your expense
- Pay restitution to any person suffering personal injury or loss

Third conviction (.08 (BAC) [55-10-401] [55-10-403):

- 120 days to 11 months, 29 days in jail
- \$1,100 to \$10,000 mandatory fines
- License revocation for 3-10 years/NO restricted license available
- Subject to .08 BAC
- Subject to vehicle seizure/forfeit
- DUI school
- Judge could order an Ignition Interlock Device installed at your expense
- If two (2) convictions of DUI in 5 years, Ignition Interlock Device required for 6 months after reinstatement at your expense

Fourth conviction (.08 (BAC) [55-10-401] [55-10-403):

- 1 Year (365) days of jail time with a minimum of 150 consecutive days served
- \$3,000 to \$15,000 mandatory fine
- License revocation for 5 years/NO restricted license available
- Subject to vehicle seizure/forfeit
- DUI school
- Judge could order an Ignition Interlock Device installed at your expense
- If two (2) convictions of DUI in 5 years, Ignition Interlock Device required for 6 months after reinstatement at your expense

Additional monetary penalties may also be imposed to compensate victims. If the DUI causes the death of another person, the prison sentence is from 3 to 10 years.

Federal Sanctions

Federal penalties and sanctions for illegal possession of a controlled substance include the following: **First conviction**: up to 1 year in prison, fine of \$1,000 to \$100,000, or both **Second conviction**: at least 15 days and up to 2 years imprisonment, \$5,000 to \$250,000 fine, or both **After two drug convictions**: at least 90 days and up to 3 years in prison, \$5,000 to \$250,000 fine, or both. Special federal sentencing provisions for possession of crack cocaine include a mandatory prison term of at least 5 years and up to 20 years, fine of up to \$250,000, or both, for a first conviction if the amount of crack exceeds 5 grams, for a second conviction if amount exceeds 3 grams, and for a third or subsequent conviction if the amount exceeds 1 gram.

Additional federal sanctions may also apply including forfeiture of vehicles used to transport controlled substances, denial of federal benefits including student loans, grants, and contracts and denial or revocation of certain federal licenses and benefits (exhibit A).

Exhibit A:

Any Amount Of All Schedule V Drugs

Schedule	Substance/Quantity	Penalty	Substance/Quantity	Penalty	
II	Cocaine 500-4999 grams mixture	First Offense: Not less than 5 yrs. and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than \$5 million if an individual, \$25 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine of not more than \$8 million if an individual, \$50 million if not an individual.	Cocaine 5 kilograms or more mixture	First Offense: Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than \$10 million if an individual, \$50 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not less than 20 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine of not more than \$20 million if an individual, \$75 million if not an individual. 2 or More Prior Offenses: Life imprisonment. Fine of not more than \$20 million if an individual, \$75 million if not an individual.	
II	Cocaine Base 28-279 grams mixture		Cocaine Base 280 grams or more mixture		
IV	Fentanyl 40-399 grams mixture		Fentanyl 400 grams or more mixture		
I	Fentanyl Analogue 10-99 grams mixture		Fentanyl Analogue 100 grams or more mixture		
I	Heroin 100-999 grams mixture		Heroin 1 kilogram or more mixture		
I	LSD 1-9 grams mixture		LSD 10 grams or more mixture		
II	Methamphetamine 5-49 grams pure or 50-499 grams mixture		Methamphetamine 50 grams or more pure or 500 grams or more mixture		
II	PCP 10-99 grams pure or 100-999 grams mixture		PCP 100 grams or more pure or 1 kilogram or more mixture		
Substance/	/Quantity	Penalty			
Any Amount Of Other Schedule I & II Substances		First Offense: Not more that 20 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than Life. Fine \$1 million if an individual, \$5 million if not an individual.			
Any Drug Product Containing Gamma Hydroxybutyric Acid		Second Offense: Not more than 30 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine \$2 million if an individual, \$10 million if not an individual.			
Flunitrazep 1 Gram	am (Schedule IV)				
Any Amount Of Other Schedule III Drugs		First Offense: Not more than 10 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not more that 15 yrs. Fine not more than \$500,000 if an individual, \$2.5 million if not an individual.			
		Second Offense: Not more than 20 yrs. If d individual, \$5 million if not an individual.	eath or serious injury, not more	than 30 yrs. Fine not more than \$1 million if an	
Any Amount Of All Other Schedule IV Drugs (other than one gram or more of Flunitrazepam)		First Offense: Not more than 5 yrs. Fine not more than \$250,000 if an individual, \$1 million if not an individual.			

First Offense: Not more than 1 yr. Fine not more than \$100,000 if an individual, \$250,000 if not an individual.

Second Offense: Not more than 4 yrs. Fine not more than \$200,000 if an individual, \$500,000 if not an individual.

Marijuana 1,000 kilograms or more marijuana mixture or 1,000 or more marijuana plants	First Offense: Not less than 10 yrs. or more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs., or more than life. Fine not more than \$10 million if an individual, \$50 million if other than an individual. Second Offense: Not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine not more than		
	\$20 million if an individual, \$75 million if other than an individual.		
Marijuana 100 to 999 kilograms marijuana mixture	First Offense: Not less than 5 yrs. or more than 40 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine not more than \$5 million if an individual, \$25 million if other than an individual.		
or 100 to 999 marijuana plants	Second Offense: Not less than 10 yrs. or more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine not more than \$8 million if an individual, \$50million if other than an individual.		
Marijuana	First Offense: Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine \$1 million if a		
50 to 99 kilograms marijuana mixture, 50 to 99 marijuana plants	individual, \$5 million if other than an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 30 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine \$2 million if an individual, \$10		
Hashish More than 10 kilograms	million if other than an individual.		
Hashish Oil More than 1 kilogram			
Marijuana less than 50 kilograms marijuana (but	First Offense: Not more than 5 yrs. Fine not more than \$250,000, \$1 million if other than an individual.		
does not include 50 or more marijuana plants regardless of weight) 1 to 49 marijuana plants	Second Offense: Not more than 10 yrs. Fine \$500,000 if an individual, \$2 million if other than individual.		
Hashish 10 kilograms or less			
Hashish Oil			
1 kilogram or less			

Convictions for Drug-Related Offenses

Any student convicted of any drug-related criminal statute must notify the Dean of Student Affairs, in writing, no later than five (5) days after such conviction regardless of where the offense occurred. This is because under federal and state laws, any student convicted of a drug-related felony offense must be denied all federal and state assistance, including Pell Grants. However, a criminal conviction shall not be necessary to find that a student has violated these standards of conduct, and the Argosy University, Nashville need not, and ordinarily will not, defer its own actions and sanctions pending the outcome of any criminal proceeding.

Danger Signals Indicating a Drug or Alcohol Problem

Following is a listing of classic danger signals that may indicate the presence of a drug or alcohol problem:

- abrupt changes in mood or attitude
- decreased efficiency at work or at school
- frequent absences, tardiness, and/or early departures
- relationship problems with family, friends, and co-workers
- unusual outbursts of anger and hostility
- social withdrawal

Counseling

If you observe any of these changes in yourself or another student, you are encouraged to talk with a Counselor. The college contracts with Talk One-2-One, a free service, which provides confidential professional counseling via the telephone 24 hours per day, 7 days a week, at 1- 888-617-3362. The Talk One-2-One counselor may refer you, for limited visits, with an area network mental health provider or assist you with locating resources within the community.

Abuse of alcohol or drugs can lead to dependency and addiction, with serious consequences for personal health and overall quality of life. There are drug and alcohol counseling, treatment, and rehabilitation facilities available in our area where students and employees may seek advice and treatment. The College Counselor can refer you to one that meets your needs.

Nashville, TN - Area Resources

There are also organizations that may be contacted for help. The Tennessee Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services (TDMHSA) for free substance abuse use crisis services at 1-855-274-7471. The National Institute on Drug Abuse Hotline (1.800.662.4357) is available from 8:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m., Monday through Friday and from 11:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m. on weekends.

A list of emergency and sliding-fee scale resources is available from the Student Services Office.